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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/624,954	07/22/2003	Steffen Derhardt	A-3772	6281
	7590 05/29/200 ENBERG STEMER L	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 2480			CULLER, JILL E	
HOLLYWOOD, FL 33022-2480			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/29/2009	PAPER

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/624,954	DERHARDT, STEFFEN	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	JILL E. CULLER	2854	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timediately and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	J. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 Fe     2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This     3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 22 July 2003 is/are: a)	r election requirement.	wy the Everiner	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Explanation is objected to by the Explanation is objected.	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of</li> </ul>	s have been received. s have been received in Applicativity documents have been received in (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	ate	

## **DETAILED ACTION**

In view of the arguments submitted with the Appeal Brief filed on February 11, 2009, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. A new rejection of the claims is set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

(1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,

(2) initiate a new appeal by filing a notice of appeal under 37 CFR 41.31 followed by an appeal brief under 37 CFR 41.37. The previously paid notice of appeal fee and appeal brief fee can be applied to the new appeal. If, however, the appeal fees set forth in 37 CFR 41.20 have been increased since they were previously paid, then appellant must pay the difference between the increased fees and the amount previously paid.

A Supervisory Patent Examiner (SPE) has approved of reopening prosecution by signing below:

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,228,390 to Jahn in view of U.S. Patent No. 2,853,943 to Royer and U.S. Patent No. 6,490,974 to Wadlinger et al.

With respect to claims 1 and 8, Jahn teaches throwing-on impression and throwing -off impression in a printing press, comprising: an impression cylinder, 3, a single cylinder, 2, acting as a form cylinder, a blanket cylinder, or both; an applicator roller, 1; a cylinder throw-on and throw-off bearing for throwing said single cylinder on and off said impression cylinder, said cylinder throw-on and throw-off bearing including a rotatably mounted actuating element, 4. See column 4, lines 1-28 and the Figures.

Jahn does not teach a roller throw-on and throw-off bearing for throwing said applicator roller on and off said single cylinder said bearing including a first rotatably mounted actuating element, a coupler forming a coupler mechanism together with said first and second actuating elements, and a thrust joint having a dead thrust travel and articulatingly connecting one of said actuating elements to said coupler, said thrust joint having a slot and a joint pin, said joint pin covering a thrust travel within said slot while throwing said single cylinder on and off said impression cylinder, and said slot having a length greater than said thrust travel.

Royer teaches a device for throwing-on and throwing-off a press element in a printing press including a single cylinder, 15, acting as a form cylinder, an applicator roller, 32, 33, a roller throw-on and throw-off bearing for throwing said applicator roller on and off said single cylinder including a rotatably mounted first actuating element, 37, 38, a cylinder throw-on and throw off bearing for throwing said single cylinder on and off

said impression cylinder, including a rotatably mounted second actuating element, 12, 13, and a coupler forming a coupler mechanism together with said first and second actuating elements. See column 2, line 28 - column 3, line 26 and the Figures.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the apparatus of Jahn to include a throw-on and throw-off bearing for the applicator roller, and a coupler mechanism to connect the bearings, as taught by Royer, in order to be able to move the applicator roller in conjunction with the movement of the form cylinder.

Wadlinger et al. teaches a device for throwing-on and throwing-off a press element in a printing press including a thrust joint, 29, having a dead thrust travel and articulatingly connecting an actuating element to a coupler, 28, said thrust joint having a slot and a joint pin, said joint pin covering a thrust travel within said slot while throwing said single cylinder on and off said impression cylinder. See column 6, lines 41-64 and Fig. 6.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to further modify the apparatus of Jahn to include the thrust joint of Wadlinger et al. in order to better control the positioning of the coupler mechanism.

It should be noted that Wadlinger is silent concerning the length of the slot for the thrust joint with respect to the distance of the thrust travel. Although there is no explicit teaching that the slot has a length greater than the thrust travel, there is also no teaching that this is not the case. As such, the length of the slot would appear to be a matter of design choice, having no apparent patentable significance and therefore is

considered to be obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art. Furthermore, as a distance of thrust travel would be measured from the center of the pin, rather than from the edge of the slot, it is inherent that the length of the slot would be longer than that of the distance traveled.

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With respect to claim 2, although Wadlinger et al. does not explicitly teach that said first actuating element is an eccentric bushing, Wadlinger et al. does teach that the first actuating element is eccentrically mounted and it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the actuating mechanism of Wadlinger et al. to mount the single applicator roller of Jahn in an eccentric bushing, as it is well known in the art to apply the structural advantages of an eccentric bushing in a system with a movable roller.

With respect to claim 3, Jahn teaches the second actuating element is a cam ring. See column 4, lines 22-28.

With respect to claim 4, Jahn does not teach that said thrust joint connects said first actuating element to said coupler.

Wadlinger et al. teaches that said thrust joint connects a first actuating element to a coupler, 28. See column 6, lines 41-64 and Fig. 6.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to further modify the apparatus of Jahn to include the thrust joint of Wadlinger et al. in order to better control the positioning of the coupler mechanism.

With respect to claims 5-6, Jahn does not teach that said thrust joint is a rotary and thrust joint wherein the joint pin is to be rotatably and displaceably guided in said slot.

Wadlinger et al. teaches that said thrust joint is a rotary and thrust joint wherein the joint pin is to be rotatably and displaceably guided in said slot. See column 6, lines 41-64 and Fig. 6.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to further modify the apparatus of Jahn to include the thrust joint details of Wadlinger et al. in order to better control the positioning of the coupler mechanism.

With respect to claim 7, Jahn teaches said applicator roller is associates with said at least one form and blanket cylinder as a single applicator roller. See column 4, lines 1-14 and the Figures.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

In response to applicant's argument with respect to Wadlinger et al., applicant's description of the two operating modes of the invention refer to subject matter which is not included in the claims and therefore cannot be relied upon to distinguish applicant's invention from the prior art.

Furthermore, as is noted in the above rejection, a distance of thrust travel would be measured from the center of the pin, rather than from the edge of the slot, it is Art Unit: 2854

inherent that the length of the slot would be longer than that of the distance traveled.

Therefore applicant's claim language is not sufficient to distinguish the invention over

the prior art.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to JILL E. CULLER whose telephone number is (571)272-

2159. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 10:00-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Judy Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-2258. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Art Unit: 2854

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

jec

/Jill E. Culler/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2854

/Judy Nguyen/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2854